

# Algebra 03a

## Practice algebra questions



## 18 Boom cards

Click [HERE](#) for a playable preview

Basic [addition](#) & [subtraction](#) algebra practice deck with 4 questions per card and 72 questions altogether. Ideal for regular as well as special education (special ed.).

Each card in the deck presents 4 different algebra sums in any of the following forms:

$$a + b = x$$

$$a - b = x$$

$$a + x = b$$

$$a - x = b$$

$$x + a = b$$

$$x - a = b$$

This is an excellent set of practice questions for those being introduced to algebra. The difficulty of the sums is relatively low with numbers in the 1-20 range.

Simply click on one of the 4 multi-choice options to select your answer. Once all 4 questions are answered correctly, you can advance to the next card in the deck.

$$x + 2 = 9$$

$$x = 6 \quad x = 7$$

$$x = 8 \quad x = 9$$

$$3 + x = 7$$

$$x = 1 \quad x = 2$$

$$x = 3 \quad x = 4$$

$$6 + 1 = x$$

$$x = 5 \quad x = 6$$

$$x = 7 \quad x = 8$$

$$9 - x = 6$$

$$x = 1 \quad x = 2$$

$$x = 3 \quad x = 4$$

$$x + 1 = 8$$

$$x = 3 \quad x = 5$$

$$x = 7 \quad x = 9$$

$$7 - x = 1$$

$$x = 4 \quad x = 5$$

$$x = 6 \quad x = 7$$

$$4 + x = 9$$

$$x = 3 \quad x = 4$$

$$x = 5 \quad x = 6$$

$$9 - 6 = x$$

$$x = 1 \quad x = 2$$

$$x = 3 \quad x = 4$$

$$8 - 5 = x$$

$$x = 1 \quad x = 2$$

$$x = 3 \quad x = 4$$

$$12 - x = 10$$

$$x = 1 \quad x = 2$$

$$x = 3 \quad x = 4$$

$$x - 7 = 2$$

$$x = 8 \quad x = 9$$

$$x = 10 \quad x = 11$$

$$5 + x = 8$$

$$x = 1 \quad x = 2$$

$$x = 3 \quad x = 4$$

